

Edmonton Bulletin

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CHARLES E. CAMPBELL, Owner and Publisher

IF IT WILL HELP ALBERTA THE EDMONTON BULLETIN IS FOR IT

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Elections Versus Dictators

There is to be an election in East Edmonton on Monday. That is something worth thinking about. They do not have elections now in all parts of the world, nor in all parts of the supposedly civilized world, nor in all countries in which they had them a few years ago.

There are no elections in Russia, nor in Germany, nor in Italy, in the sense in which we understand the term. True, what are called elections are held periodically, but the only persons who can freely express their views and exercise their franchise are the Communists, the Nazis and Fascists.

Anyone who dares to criticize the government or is known to vote against the governing party, is on the road to a concentration camp or a place of execution.

These are no elections in Norway, nor in Poland, nor in Belgium, nor in Holland, nor in Luxembourg, nor in France, nor in Czechoslovakia, nor in Rumania, nor in Bulgaria, nor in Turkey, nor in Spain, nor in Portugal, nor in Italy. Not because the people in those countries do not want elections, but because Hitler and Mussolini—and Stalin and Rumania—won't permit them.

There is no such thing as a dictatorship where people are allowed to vote as they please; there can't be. There is no such thing as a bona fide election in any country ruled by a dictator; there can't be. Whoever talks about a dictatorship existing in Canada is insulting the intelligence of the electorate. Elections and dictators don't go together.

Patriotism and Prudence

The buyer of Victory Bonds is offered his choice of two types. Bonds of one class run for ten years, those of the other for five years. On the longer term bonds, the rate of interest is 3 per cent, but as they will be redeemed at \$101 per \$100, the actual return will be 3.05 per cent. The shorter term bonds are 2 per cent, but as they are redeemable at \$99 to the hundred, the return will be 2.19 per cent. The longer term bonds may be called in for payment in 1950, the shorter ones not until they mature in 1946.

These undoubtedly are low rates of interest, but the rates paid during the former Great War running up to 8% per cent, with tax exemption thrown in. But a good deal has happened during the last 20 years to bring down the rates and many certainties that still stay down.

The rates on the new bonds are higher than the Dominion can afford to pay, and need pay, as high as it should ever pay. The income derived by cashing the interest coupons will of course be subject to income taxation.

Are these bonds attractive as an investment at these rates? They certainly are. The security is the best in Canada, and we are safe in the knowledge of security better than in this undivided Dominion. Considered merely as an opportunity to put away part of today's earnings safely for the future, the bonds are without a rival.

But there is another consideration. That is that the country needs the money, must get it from some source by some means to carry on the war effort, and should this mean fall some less desirable method of raising it might have to be resorted to. Taxation is already high and nobody wants inflation. Buy bonds.

Looking Backward

From The Bulletin Files

1891—50 Years Ago

Croesus and Hunter are evangelizing Regina.

Initial irrigation works are proposed in the Macleod district.

A motion in favor of women voting was defeated in the Nova Scotia legislature.

The Calgary lacrosse team was beaten by the New Westminster team at Vancouver.

There was ice half an inch thick on the peace growing country of Westland, Ont., on May 1.

T. P. G. O'Brien, clerk of the Stony Plain police agency, died this morning in the police station at Fort Saskatchewan. Deceased was son of St. Terence O'Brien, a grocer of Newmarket, Ont. He had been a captain in the British Army, from which he retired, retaining rank, and on account of which he drew a pension. He had seen service in the Zulu war, during which he received a wound in the leg which caused his retirement from the service.

1901—40 Years Ago

Eighty-nine in the shade yesterday.

Ralph Bellamy is home from McMasterville having completed his third year at McMaster University.

Dr. F. J. Bennett, accompanied by Mrs. Bennett, arrived last week from England and will practice at Fort Saskatchewan.

American residents of Edmonton meet in Robertson hall this evening to arrange a fourth of July celebration.

An exhibition of local art will be presented by the Exhibiting Association to the merchant having the best decorated store during fair week. A silver medal is offered for the best decorated dwelling house.

1911—30 Years Ago

Toronto: William Whyte of the C.P.R. estimates the western wheat crop at 200,000,000 bushels.

St. Albans council has reached an agreement with the senate of the university for the erection of a hospital on the university grounds.

A dead letter office is to be opened in Edmonton.

Judge Neel leaves today to hold court at Peace River and other northern points.

A Presbyterian church is to be built in North Edmonton.

1921—20 Years Ago

London: Reinforcements are being sent to India to help the British forces in the Malayan campaign in the Dublin area is to start.

Ottawa: The Nibc and two oblique submarines constituting the backbone of the Canadian navy have been put up for junk.

The Canadian fleet will have 410 ships in the country and in whatever manner he may think necessary for its security. Only Congress can declare war, but it is literally true that a President could start war in emergency situations without waiting for a declaration.

These powers Mr. Roosevelt left no doubt that he intends to use. Where, when and in what manner he did not say, but he was clearly referring to an event of that kind that he is to be employed. And what he said definitely as to some purposes for which they will be employed. The sinking of supply ships in route to Britain is to be curbed, and the American naval vessels will be used.

The Axis powers are to be prevented from occupying bases from which they might launch attacks upon that hemisphere. On these two issues the statement was plain.

Another plain also was the assertion that neither capital nor labour can be allowed to block or hamper the production of armaments by avance or by strikes. Means for the settlement of disputes had been provided, and the war on "white" settle-ments were being arranged.

The broad effect of the proclamation is to put the United States on war footing. That it will be long allowed to remain a neutralist is a distinct at least possibility, but that the Will of the world is on face defeat. He cannot dominate countries in this hemisphere unless he grabs bases from which they could be threatened. Somewhere along the sea routes on the coast of Europe.

1931—10 Years Ago

Despite the depression, Edmonton's popula-

tion increased 1,500 during the past year.

The paving of Macleod Trail has been com-

pleted, and the east end of the trail is to start.

Mr. Perren Baker announced that for the first year at least examinations will be ad-

mitted for students in Grade VIII and Grade IX.

New York: Seven airplanes will be flying for favorable weather to hop off on a flight to Europe.

From The News

By Harold L. Weir

This seems to be a crystallization of the logic whereby President Roosevelt arrived at the decision to declare a state of unlimited national emergency:

Unless Britain wins the war, the United States will be subjected to German attack.

Britain cannot win the war unless her shipping remains intact.

British shipping in the Atlantic is being destroyed at a rate which is more than twice the capacity of British and American shipyards to replace that shipping.

Therefore, the only way in which the United States can secure her own safety is to put a definite stop to this present rate of shipping destruction.

President Roosevelt believes that the United States should be justified in going to war to attain that end.

Yosuke Matsuoka, foreign minister of Japan, says that modern civilization is going to fall. Therefore, Japan has joined the Axis which is endeavoring to build a new civilization.

This ridiculous cant sounds queer coming from Japanese lips.

It becomes the Japanese to talk grandiloquently about new civilizations when they are the ones who are most ignorant of the meaning of civilization.

This, of course, is the basic reason for the twisted mentality of Japan. She has forced herself to live in a modern way and according to modern standards while her thoughts are still in the dark ages.

She has been endeavoring to accommodate her life to traditions, ambitions and standards of behavior of which she has not yet fully understood.

She internally writhes under all the secret embarrassments of a child from the nursery in rompers to attend a formal dinner party.

She would like Hitler's new order.

She has a secret hankering for medieval barbarism, but she is anxious to pay the price that civilization exacts.

There was quite chafid rejoicing in Japan yesterday because Mr. Roosevelt's speech contained no threat to her direction.

Japanese newspapers uttered the rather plausible hope that Japanese trade would not be ruined by involvement in war on the side of the Axis.

One thing is very clear:

One must know how Hitler may blow up the world before he can tell what picture may look to the democracies. There is one country in the world besides the United States that is not prepared to bet on Britain's defeat.

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The situation in Cote is not encouraging. Unless something entirely unexpected happens, it appears that the Germans will be able to get the island.

We did not have a sufficient force in that area to operate successfully against the Germans, and the Nazis were willing to throw them out of Dakar.

The real reason is given in the battle of

Three points, however, are established by this battle:

1. The German time table has been seriously disturbed by the resistance of the Greeks and the British.

2. Parachute troops, at tremendous cost, will try to make an island where the defending force is not strong. Parachute troops cannot make an island where the defending force is not strong.

3. Invasion of a fortified island by sea is hazardous and not likely to succeed.

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En route from Europe to an American port, the crew of the ship Siboney sighted a decaying mass floating in the sea and identified it as a whale carcass.

The mass proved to be a portion of dead whale filled with a marlby-grey fat substance which someone identified as ambergris.

In jubilation, the Siboney stood this precious find away. Ambergris, theoretically, sells for \$25 an ounce and the mass discovered was thought to be worth nearly two and a half million dollars. It is supposed to be the largest ever found.

The whale has the property of arresting the decay of flower oils at the point at which they yield greatest fragrance. It also aids in blending the various aromas of essential oils.

It is a tradition in the perfume industry that the day is set in the calendar when the whale's spine is broken, but as the lay unable to move, she continues giving orders to the dead.

Before the whale's spine is broken, she continues giving orders to the dead.

The biggest increase was among the motorcyclists. It was originally an amateur sport, but the public interest has grown so much that it is now a professional sport.

It is a custom for the members of

motorcycle clubs to meet at least once a month.

They meet at a hotel or restaurant.

They meet at a hotel or

Imposition Of Estates' Levy Is Criticized

OTTAWA, May 20—(CP)—Canada's new succession duty legislation, introduced by the government, has been condemned by Conservative house leader Hanson describing it as "nothing short of a capital levy."

Mr. Hanson's main criticism was that this tax should not be imposed alone, but rather, provincial succession duties and should not have been imposed without an attempt at agreement with the provinces.

"For a policy so important and far-reaching from the last war to date, the minister (Finance Minister Illes) could very well have consulted the provinces unless some accommodation could be reached with them," Mr. Hanson said.

Other Conservatives strongly opposed to the new tax were D. King Hanson, of Saint John; Alberta T. L. Church (Con., Toronto-Broadview).

BALMORKE OPPOSED

John Blackmore, leader of the New Democratic party, also opposed himself with Mr. Hanson in opposing the measure but it was supported by W. G. Macleod (Lab., Brandon) W. Ross McDonald (Lab., Brandon) and G. H. Cockeram (C.C.F., Yorkton).

Part of the legislation required to give effect to the war budget taxation proposals, the bill was given second reading and some of the committee minutes and referred to committee of the whole house just prior to the vote.

Other features of the sitting yesterday included a protest from Maj. G. H. Cockeram (C.C.F., West) that a letter written him by Defense Minister Illes, about a speech he had made, contained in his own riding, was an ultimatum that he resign his commission or that he resign from public expression of opinion.

PERSONAL LETTER

Col. Ralston replied that he had written a personal letter to Maj. Cockeram, but that he did not enclose his position as a member of parliament with his responsibilities as a member of the Canadian forces in his riding.

He said he did not know what Maj. Cockeram wanted him to do but he hoped it would not become necessary for the department to have to request his resignation also as officers in the forces to choose between the two options.

He said it was possible to re-enlist the two but conditions that there could not be a situation in which a man's personal payment could transgress the limits governing the conduct of officers.

Maj. Cockeram brought up the subject again at the end of the debate and after Col. Ralston had replied and received an evocation from the minister, Sir J. S. Gray, rule three could be a further discussion. After this Maj. Cockeram was again on the floor.

During the dinner recess Maj. Cockeram said he would have a talk with Col. Ralston on the whole situation.

PENSIONS LEGISLATION

The pensions legislation, which was put through committee stage Tuesday, was given third reading yesterday afternoon after brief discussion.

Theodore Mr. Blackmore, describing power to regulate for Canadian soldiers as "a calamity before it," Minister Powers, a leading parliamentarian, said the pensions legislation since 1937, replied yesterday.

Major Powers suggested Mr. Blackmore had chosen the opportunity to hang up his hat, but Mr. Blackmore had replied and received an evocation from the minister, Sir J. S. Gray, rule three could be a further discussion. After this Maj. Cockeram was again on the floor.

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Mr. Blackmore said the combined federal and provincial duties would be almost as high as the estate duties in Great Britain, but the additional tax would be negligible.

Estate duties in Great Britain were imposed partly to achieve a social objective, namely, breaking up of large landed estates.

Mr. Hanson asked the house to consider the point after the debate.

Then Col. Ralston moved all possible business enterprise.

Conservative Mr. Hanson said he would retain the capital system—undoubtedly in an improved form—and would reject the estates' taxes. Conservative Mr. Facion now preached in Europe.

CONTROLLED CAPITALISM?

"We may have a system of controlled capitalism," he said. "But if it will be system, we must be careful to people who possess brains and ability an opportunity to go out and see what they can do."

The proposed succession duties would tend to hamper the operation of business.

"It is a question," he said, "whether this capital levy is not going to discourage all private enterprises."

Men would not try to build up concerns, he said, if they knew the cost of the debts large debts would be payable out of the money they invested in their business—money which could not be realized.

Troop Tradesmen Do School Work



Here are seen men from the active army undergoing their instruction in some of the finer work of tradesmen. These pictures were taken at the Central Technical School in Ottawa where many tradesmen have served in many of the Technical schools in Canada. These men are working on radio and construction of "fine instruments." The soldier, shown in the foreground, is a radio technician. He is shown in class in radio work. Others are to be observed at work at their lathes, constructing an air speed indicator from specifications written on a blackboard.

by sale of the business at short notice.

Mr. Hanson said an estate worth \$100,000 would be liable to 10 per cent. If the estate were entirely composed of an industry managed by the deceased, he suggested the tax be reduced to 5 per cent and not survive payment of the dues.

Mr. Illes interpreted that in such a case the tax could be paid to the tax and the business could be carried on.

PROTESTS TAXATION

Mr. Blackmore said: "These restrictions are unnecessary and destructive to the small industry of the benefit of the large industry."

This would create a centralization of industry which would cause great suffering."

He do protest against the burden of such a devastating tax which has been imposed on the people of Canada in this budget," he said.

Mr. Blackmore suggested Mr. Cockeram might wish to know how to obtain money in other ways.

Mr. Cockeram supported the bill as a step towards checking the enormous wealth in the hands of a few people.

FESTIONS ACT

After the dinner recess, a section of the bill dealing with the dependents of those dying as a result of war service, providing the pension to the dependents of a person under the pensions Act started a long discussion.

Howard Green (Con., Vancouver) moved that the pension exemption in this clause be extended to all who dies as a result of war service, even though the dependents were not eligible for pension.

Mr. Hanson attacked a section providing that where the aggregate net value of the estate does not exceed \$5,000 no duty will be levied. He said this was a good idea, but an exemption should be granted to all right.

Halifax Confers With President In Long Session

WASHINGTON, May 20—(AP)—President Roosevelt and Halifax, along with the British economic M. Keynes, spent 2½ hours Wednesday discussing such matters, the Brains trust's chief defense production and the general economic situation.

The ambassador said there was no talk of further steps to prevent the shipping which carries vital supplies to Britain. That, he said, is the present situation.

He said the President had told him he thought production of war materials should be stepped up.

Mr. Keynes added that the daily increase in production was "extraordinary."

Lord Halifax said he had expressed to Mr. Roosevelt the view that he thought the shipping situation might which would be gratefully received.

But Mr. Martin asked the minister to make a statement as to the permanence of the new tax. Mr. Illes said he was not prepared to say whether the tax was to stay or not.

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INVEST IN CANADA

BUY Victory BONDS

Bakery Features

POUND CAKES	19c
BAKED CAKES	2 lb. 15c
ASSORTED LAYER CAKES	2 lb. 42c
WEINER BUNS	10c
POLLY ANN BREAD—White or Brown, Sliced or Plain	Loaf 8c

EMPRESS

PURE STRAWBERRY JAM	4-lb. tin 51c
PURE STRAWBERRY JAM	2-lb. tin 32c
PURE RASPBERRY JAM	4-lb. tin 51c
PURE APRICOT JAM	4-lb. tin 49c
PURE RED PLUM JAM	4-lb. tin 46c
PURE GOOSEBERRY JAM	4-lb. tin 46c
PURE ORANGE MARMALADE	4-lb. tin 42c
ASSORTED JELLY POWDERS	6 pkgs. 25c

Fruits • Vegetables

B.C. APPLES

DELICIOUS, Extra Fancy	8 lbs. 25c
YELLOW NEWTONS, Extra Fancy	
McINTOSH REDS, Fancy	
All Medium Sizes and Wrapped	

RIPE TOMATOES—No. 1 Hothouse	lb. 20c
CALIF. LEMONS—Fresh 360's	doz. 19c
WATERMELONS—Klondyke Black Seed	lb. 6c
CUCUMBERS—Extra Fancy Hothouse	ea. 17c
NEW POTATOES—Calif. Fresh	6 lbs. 25c
NEW CARROTS—Calif. Original bunches	ea. 6c

ORANGES

Fancy Sunkist	
Size 288's, Dozen	20c
Size 220's, Dozen	29c

NEW CABBAGE—Calif. green	lb. 5c
STRAWBERRIES—B.C. pint bskts.	2 for 29c
UTAH CELERY—Tender	lb. 10c
COCOANUTS—Fresh	2 for 13c
HIGHWAY POTATOES—No. 1 Netted Gem	25-lb. sack 29c

LETTUCE

B.C. Large	2 for 9c
Crisp Heads	

COMPARE SAFEWAY PRICES

SAFEWAY has a very good reason for asking you to compare our prices. We know in advance what your findings will be.

Our method of pricing groceries is simple: All prices are set at the low point which will yield a reasonable profit. Make your own comparison now and learn how much you can save.



SAFEWAY REGULAR PRICES

	YOU SAVE
Tea Canterbury	62c
Juice Grape Fruit	21c
Coffee Airway—Whole Bean Freshness	35c
Flakes Grape Nuts 2 pkgs.	17c
Catsup Aylmer 14-oz. bottles	15c
Snacks Connor's No. 1 2 lbs. for	11c
Salmon	37c
Vinegar	15c
Shrimps	19c
Sardines	21c
Bon Ami	14c
Salad Oil	25c
Dog Food	9c
Macaroni	5c
Spaghetti	13c
Bird Seed	11c
Pineapple	13c
Table Salt	8c
Oxo Cubes	21c
S.O.S. Pads	22c
Fry's Cocoa	31c
Apple Juice Sun-Rype 18-oz. tins	21c
Corn Flakes Sugar Crisp 4 pkgs.	25c
Javel Water 13-oz. bottle & 25-oz. bts. Ea.	12c
Heinz Beans Med. size tins	25c
Baking Powder 3-lb. ribbon 16-oz. tins	20c
Kraft Cheese 1-lb. pkg. 16c 1-lb. pkg.	29c
Pure Extract Trumpet 2-oz. bot.	19c
Chicken Haddie Lily Brand 2 lbs.	29c
Shredded Wheat	10c
Reckitt's Blue 2 pkgs.	9c
Custard Powder Bird's Pkg.	9c

COFFEE AT ITS BEST
yet it costs you less

EDWARDS COFFEE
REGULAR BLEND

Regular or Drip Grind
Fin. 46c

Prices Effective Friday, Saturday and Monday

Guaranteed Meats

Buy Safeway quality meats with confidence! What you purchase is guaranteed to give you complete satisfaction or your money will be cheerfully refunded.

Tender Young Beef

Government Graded Red and Blue Brands	
RUMP ROASTS	lb. 23c
STANDING RIB ROASTS	lb. 23c
MARLON ROASTS	lb. 25c
PRIME RIB ROLLED	lb. 25c
HIDE ROASTS	lb. 25c
THICK RIB ROASTS	lb. 22c
ROUND SHOULDER ROAST	lb. 17c
BLADE RIB ROAST	lb. 16c

Milk Fed Veal

FILLET ROASTS	lb. 27c
RUMP AND LEGS	lb. 23c
SHOULDER ROASTS	lb. 19c
RIB CHOPS	lb. 19c
STEW and SHANKS	lb. 7c

PICNIC STYLE

SMOKED SHOULDERS

Cello Wrapped

18c



A Recipe Folder in Every Bag

7-lb. bag	25c
24-lb. bag	83c
49 lbs.	\$1.53
98 lbs.	\$2.95

JIFFY MEAT SPREADS—1/2	5c
SUGAR BELLE PEAS—Sieve 5	11c
VALLEY GOLD APRICOTS—Choice 16 oz.	14c
SLICED PEACHES—Castle Crest, 15 oz.	25c
TOMATO JUICE—Sunny Dawn, 10 oz.	5c
PEANUT BUTTER—Bevery, 27 oz.	25c
HARPER HOUSE PEARS—16 oz.	29c
LIBBY'S BEANS—Cut Green	11c
LIBBY'S SPAGHETTI—No. 1 tins	10c

EXCELLO BUTTER—Second Grade 3 lbs. 89c

SUGAR BELLE PEAS—Sieve 5

VALLEY GOLD APRICOTS—Choice 16 oz.

SLICED PEACHES—Castle Crest, 15 oz.

TOMATO JUICE—Libby's, 20 oz.

PRINCESS SOAP FLAKES 2 pkgs. 25c

GRAPE JUICE—Welch's, Junior 9c; 16-oz. bot. 28c

HIGHWAY PEARS—Standard 11c

WAX PAPER—100-ft. rolls 15c

WESTMINSTER TISSUE 4 rolls 18c

M.D. SANITARY NAPKINS—12's 17c

Mayfair First Grade	3 lbs. 95c
Clover Leaf Cohoe, 1/2 lbs.	2 lbs. 29c
Red Hill Chaser, 1/2 lbs.	2 lbs. 27c
Tomatoes	2 lbs. 15c
Pure Lard All Brands	2 lbs. 15c
Cherub Milk	3 lbs. 25c

sow REGISTERED AND CERTIFIED VEGETABLE SEEDS	
5c and 10c packets	Buy your requirements now!

CATSUP Highway, 16 oz.

2 tins 19c



Edmonton Bulletin
Alberta's Oldest Newspaper

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CONTRIBUTORS

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Announcements

Engagements

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Edwards announce the engagement of their daughter, Thelma Agnes Edwards, to Mr. and Mrs. R. E. McEwan, son of Mr. and Mrs. McEwan, who will take place the latter part of June at church services.

Deaths

SOPHIE MARY HUNTER.
Mrs. and Mr. Hunter, the parents of the late George Hunter, died recently in the same hospital where he died. Mrs. Hunter was 80 years old and Mr. Hunter 75. They were married 55 years ago.

DOUGLAS—DAUGHTER.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Douglas announce the birth of a daughter, Mrs. Douglas, to their son, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Douglas, of Edmonton, Alta. The baby was born on May 25, 1941, at the Royal Jubilee Hospital, Dr. R. H. Duff, in charge. The mother is Mrs. Douglas, formerly Mrs. G. G. Gandy, of Edmonton, Alta.

Deaths

W. H. MUNN, 65, died May 26, 1941, at his home, 1005 10th Street, Edmonton. He was a retired lumberman and had been a member of the Royal Canadian Legion, Branch No. 100, for many years. Services were held at the Legion Hall.

MARGARET BEASLEY.
On May 26, 1941, Margaret Beasley, 20, died at the Royal Jubilee Hospital, Dr. R. H. Duff, in charge. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Beasley, of Edmonton, Alta. Services were held at the Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Cards of Thanks

As a service to readers, the following cards of thanks are published in the Bulletin. It is the desire of the publishers that these cards be limited to those who have rendered special services to the community.

In Memoriam

The late George Hunter, 75, died in the Royal Jubilee Hospital, Dr. R. H. Duff, in charge. He was the father of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Douglas, of Edmonton, Alta. Services were held at the Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Florists

WALTER RAMSAY LTD.,
FURNERAL WREATHS & SPRAYS, 41
Mackay Street, Edmonton, Alta.

PINE & CO.,
FLORAL ARTS, 1005 10th Street, Edmonton, Alta.

TYLER'S GREENHOUSE,
1005 10th Street, Edmonton, Alta.

Amusements, Coming
Events

THURSDAY

Legion of the Moose
No. 70

1 P.M. to 6 P.M.

Entertainment Room

Admission 25¢

SATURDAY

Last and Found

12

Printers Row, Royal Jubilee Hospital

THE Royal Jubilee Hospital

10th Street and 100th Avenue

WEDNESDAY

Underwear, hats, coats, gowns,

bags, purses, cosmetics, etc.

Business hours

10 A.M. to 6 P.M.

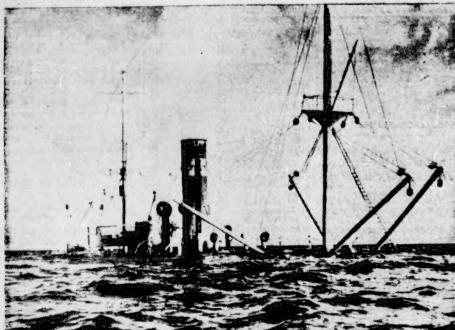
ANSWER

Business

ANSWER

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She'll Sail The Seas No More—Old China Meets New York—Leaning Tower Of Fascism Topples In East Africa



A scuttled Italian ship is pictured in the harbor of Kisimayu, in Italian East Africa, after conquering British troops had driven their Fascist foes back. Only the superstructure of the craft remains over the calm harbor waters.



Sharply contrasted is ancient Chinese junk against skyscraping towers of New York, where boat is being shown after 87-day voyage from Shanghai. Admission fees go to Chinese war relief.

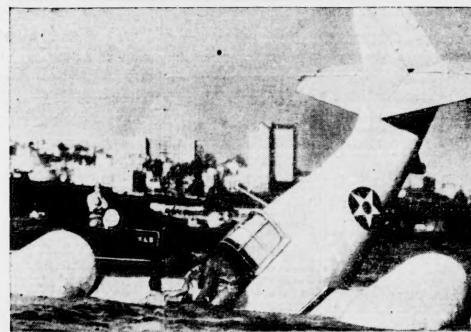


Symbolic of British victory over Italians in East Africa is this toppling stone fascio, being tugged down by a tractor at Kisimayu, Italian Somaliland, before group of appreciative soldiers.



It seems that wherever there's oil these days there is trouble, be it in Iran or on a vacant lot in Staten Island. That's why six-year-old Eddie Russell is in such a fix. He crawled into an empty oil can while exploring near his West Brighton home. But getting out was something else again. And the boy's parents turned to private Eddie Hires' Fireman Normie Goodell using the hacksaw while Lieut. Stephen Fraser holds the light. Eddie is pouring troubled waters from his tear ducts on the oil.

Happy Landing



Notified by radio that the landing gear of his navy land plane was damaged, Ensign H. E. Tennes might have bailed out, let his plane crash. Instead, true to navy tradition, he stuck with his ship, circled over San Diego bay and made a dangerous but successful splash landing pictured above, saving the navy a much-needed plane. Below, Ensign Tennes is being helped out of the cockpit.

Good Neighbors



Norma Shearer looks prettiest to promote good neighbor policy—and gets results, judging from face of Vice Admiral Jose Machado de Castro e Silva, chief of Brazilian general naval staff. He visited Hollywood with other Latin American navy men in U.S. as guests of Navy Department.



Mrs. Churchill, wife of the premier, in smiling tea-time conversation with a Canadian corporal while visiting the American Eagle club in London.

This Might Be You Going To Work Next Morning In London



This picture of bomb destruction in London isn't as spectacular as some, yet it will come straight home to every man and woman who hears an alarm clock in the morning, gets up and goes to work. It shows working people of London, ranging from stenographers and day laborers to highly-paid executives, making their way along a downtown street after one of the great city's heaviest raids. Weariness of sleepless nights shows plainly on the faces of these people. But, war or no war, they must get up in the morning and go to work. Just like you and I.



Skirling bagpipes sound a symbolic death-knell of Italy's East African Empire, as a British Transvaal regiment marches in triumph through Abyssinia's capital after an advance of more than 1500 miles in less than 60 days.

Glamor In Pants



According to reports reaching Cairo, Free French forces under Gen. Georges Catroux, above, former governor of Damascus, have invaded Syria from Palestine and are rapidly moving into the interior. Catroux, a distinguished French general, is popular throughout the colonial empire. It was believed that a large percentage of the 40,000 troops that make up the Vichy-controlled garrison of Syria might swing over to Gen. Catroux.

Don't like to disillusion you folks, but here's how many of those glamorous still pictures from Hollywood are made. For this one Rita Hayworth simply dons some feathered garb, has shoulder strap added. Then photographer framed picture as indicated above so those unglamorous slacks wouldn't show.



Action of young six-year-old Freddie Harrison in saving his little sister Mary from the ruins of their home after it had been bombed, has earned him the admiration of Britain and the U.S. Major W. J. Hendon, president of the U.S. Lodge in London, a cheque for \$415 (about £11), which is a member of the Vimy post of the Toledo Canadian Legion, Ohio. The mayor of Hendon is shown presenting the cheque to Master Freddie Harrison at Hendon town hall. His little sister, rescued by him during the blitz is on the left.

"Army" Chiefs To Visit City For Meetings

Principal of the Salvation Army College in Toronto, Lieut.-Col. R. A. Hogard, and Mrs. Hogard will arrive in Edmonton Saturday morning to take part in a special "Army" functions there during the weekend. Mrs. Hogard is a lieutenant in the Salvation Army.

She is the late Commissioner and Miss Hogard. Hogard, Salvation Army pioneer here, was at one time in charge of the work of the "Army" in western Canada. Lt.-Col. Hogard has been serving in the Far East, in England and in Canada. Mrs. Lieut. Hogard served in the United States and Scotland areas.

YOUTH MEETINGS

While in Edmonton, Col. and Miss Hogard will speak to Brigadier and Mrs. Ursaki, divisional commanders for Alberta, will visit Red River, where they will address a public meeting during the evening. They will also visit in Camrose and Wetaskiwin.

On Sunday, Mrs. Hogard will address a private meeting of young people delegates in council, and on Monday will address the officers in two camps, during the morning and afternoon.

VISIT RED DEER

On Tuesday, Col. and Mrs. Hogard will speak to Brigadier and Mrs. Ursaki, divisional commanders for Alberta, will visit Red River, where they will address a public meeting during the evening. They will also visit in Camrose and Wetaskiwin.

Col. and Mrs. Hogard will leave on Thursday morning to visit points in British Columbia.

Fire Menacing In Wolf Creek Area

To provide a fire guard eight miles long, bulldozer equipment approximately one foot in width is being brought in from the Bow River Creek area. It is hoped that this new wall will save from fire damage a block of timberland which it is reported is ground fire in the vicinity are growing increasingly.

In the Whiteout area fires are threatening four blocks of timber on both sides of the Athabasca River. It is estimated that a contingent of 100 men is fighting the flames in this region. Weather is reported as being extremely bad.

Rains have caused all tires in the Rocky Mountain House district.

British Scientist To Address Clubs In City On June 6

A distinguished British scientist, Sir Lawrence Bragg, will be guest speaker at the annual dinner of the Canadian Club and Edmonton Chamber of Commerce on June 6. Dr. J. G. D. Macmillan, The Speaker, who is a member of the Ministry of Supply Council for the British ministry of supply, will speak on the subject, "Science in the War."

An outstanding physicist, Sir Lawrence Bragg, graduated from Manchester University from 1913 to 1917 and was later director of Physics Department of the Royal Society of Science, manager of the Royal Canadian Technical Commission, which is in charge of scientific research in Canada.

Today he holds permanent certificates and who have not taught for five years, are placed in the category of retired teachers. These certificates and these can be renewed only by attendance at the summer school.

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Emperor Haile Selassie, interviewed in his native land, following his recent resumption of royal honors and responsibilities, expressed his deep appreciation, and that of his subjects, for the timely help rendered his unfortunate country by the British. In the picture he is seen, surrounded by his warriors, as he returned to take up his rightful position.

Province Makes Teacher Survey

Guarding against any shortage of teachers during the 1941-1942 teaching year, the department of education is surveying the whole situation, with a view to determining the availability of teachers next year, officials stated Thursday.

A questionnaire has been sent out asking teachers now active in the province to indicate whether they will be available next year. This applies to both men and women.

It is expected that there will be a reduction in the number available. At one point where six teachers were listed as available, said they will not be teaching next year. Of those four are women and two are men.

Reasons given by men are mostly that they will be serving in the war and the most usual reason given by women is that they will be getting married.

If there is a shortage, there

will be a reduction in the number

of protecting themselves in the summer, the court observed in the summertime, a young man to three weeks, a woman to six weeks.

Judges for the census were selected by the Junior Chamber of Commerce. Tabulation was to be done by the first 125 children. It was noted that 2,000 jobs such as raking have been completed.

Judgment was given by men mostly that they will be serving in the war and the most usual reason given by women is that they will be getting married.

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